

# KUMAUN UNIVERSITY NAINITAL



## SYLLABUS FOR FOUR SEMESTER (TWO YEAR) M.Sc. DEGREE IN CHEMISTRY

Effective from academic year 2017-18

### DISTRIBUTION OF DIFFERENT COURSES SEMESTER WISE

There shall be following components of the subjects in the I& III semester courses for each of the five papers.

Theory		Theory		Theory		Theory		Theory		Practical		Total
Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	600
75	25	75	25	75	25	75	25	75	25	75	25	
Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	

There shall be following components of the subjects in the II semester course for each of the four papers.

Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Practical		500
75	25	75	25	75	25	75	25	75	25	
Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	

There shall be following components of the subjects in the IV semester course for each of the two papers along with a Project work/dissertation

Ext.	Int.	Ext.	Int.	Practical		300
75	25	75	25	75	25	
Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	



**Kumaun University Nainital**  
**Department of Chemistry**  
**Course Contents M.Sc. (2Year Degree)**  
**Effective from the Academic Year 2017-2018**  
**Odd Semester Structure**

**Semester I**

Paper I	CHPG 101	Inorganic Chemistry -1
Paper II	CHPG 102	Organic Chemistry - 1
Paper III	CHPG 103	Physical Chemistry - 1
Paper IV	CHPG 104	Group Theory and Instrumentation Chemistry-1
Paper V	CHPG 105	a. Biology for Chemist (for Mathematics student) -1 b. Mathematics for Chemist (for Biology student) -1
Practical	CHPG 10P	Inorganic/ Organic Chemistry Practical – 1

**Semester III**

Paper I	CHPG 301	Solid State Chemistry -3
Paper II	CHPG 302	Spectroscopic Techniques- 3
Paper III	CHPG 303	Chemistry for Biological System -3
Paper IV	CHPG 304	Inter Disciplinary Topics in Chemistry-3
Paper V	CHPG 305	Photo Chemistry and Allied Chemistry-3
Practical	CHPG 30P	Inorganic/ Physical Chemistry Practical – 3

**Semester II**

Paper I	CHPG 201	Inorganic Chemistry -2
Paper II	CHPG 202	Organic Chemistry - 2
Paper III	CHPG 203	Physical Chemistry - 2
Paper IV	CHPG 204	Spectroscopic Techniques-2
Practical	CHPG 20P	Physical/ Organic Chemistry Practical – 2

**Semester IV**

Two Papers	CHPG 40I	Elective two papers in Inorganic Chemistry group
Two Papers	CHPG 40O	Elective two papers in Organic Chemistry group
Two Papers	CHPG 40P	Elective two papers in Physical Chemistry group
Practical	CHPG 40L	Laboratory course/ Project work

**Note:** In the IV<sup>th</sup> Semester, the candidate shall have to opt minimum of two elective papers of a particular specialization e.g. Inorganic/Organic/Physical. The candidate shall not be allowed to opt papers from different specializations, i.e. two elective papers are to be taken positively from one specialization, e.g. one from Inorganic and one from organic shall not be allowed, similarly other combinations shall not be allowed. The candidate shall have to do a minimum of five lab experiments from the list of the experiments given in the syllabus. He/ She will have to do a Project. The topic of the project shall be allotted to him/her by the Project Supervisor. Marks shall not be awarded to the candidate on the Project work and instead of marks, Grade A,

B,C or D shall be given after the assessment of the project. The submission of the project shall be mandatory for each candidate and he/she will have to submit the project/dissertation not later than the date of his/her practical examination.

### **Pattern of examination theory papers (for odd semesters and each paper I,II,III, IV and V)**

#### **A. Theory**

*Each theory paper shall consist three sections A, B and C.*

**Section A:** (Objective type); 20% of total marks (15 marks, one question of 10 parts each parts of one and half marks. These parts may have one sentence answers; fill in the blanks, one word answer. All parts will be compulsory).

**Section B:** (Short answers type with reasoning); 40% of the total marks (24 marks, seven questions of six marks each, any five have to be attempted).

**Section C:** (Long answers type); 40 % of the total marks, (24 marks, four questions of fifteen marks any two have to be attempted).

#### **B. Internal assessment**

*For each theory paper, an internal assignment (in the form of class test and or assignments including classroom attendance) of 25 marks for each paper shall be conducted during each semester. Maximum 10 marks can be given to the student having 75% or above attendance. The evaluated answer sheets/assignments have to be submitted to the Head of the Department/ Principal along with one copy of award list. Two copies of the award list have to be submitted to the controller examination in a sealed envelope.*

#### **C. Practical**

*The practical work of the students has to be evaluated periodically. The internal assessments (in the form of lab test, lab record, internal evaluation, assignment/home assignment and attendance) of total 15 marks for each semester shall be conducted during the semester. A minimum of 12 experiments covering all the kinds of exercises have to be conducted during a semester. Maximum 10 marks in attendance can be given to students. In each semester, practical examination of 75 marks has to conducted by two examiners (External and internal) having duration of time 8 hours. The total number of students to be examined per batch should not be more than sixty. One copy of award list of the practical examination along with attendance has to be submitted to the Head of the Department/ Principal. Two copies of the award lists and attendance have to be submitted to the controller examination in a sealed envelope.*

#### **D. Instructions**

**Note to be mentioned in each theory paper:** *This question paper consists of three sections Section A having 10 objective type compulsory questions (one word, one sentence/ fill in the blanks) carrying one and half marks each (20% of the total marks). Section B consists of seven short answer type questions with logical approach carrying six marks each. Attempt any five questions from this section (40% of the total marks). Section C consists of four long answer type question carrying 15 marks each. Attempt any two questions from this section (40% of the total marks).*

Questions are to be attempted section wise sequentially as far as possible. If the student attempts more questions, the marks will be allotted sequentially. The attempt of extra question will be treated as cancelled during the evaluation.

### SEMESTER I Paper I

1. **Subject Code :CHPG101** **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Inorganic Chemistry-1**
3. **Course Hour** **Lecture : L 48** **T:10** **P:60**
4. **Exam Time** **Theory:3 hours** **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage** **Theory: 80** **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : Knowledge of Sidgwick and Powel theory**
8. **Objective of Course :**
  - Essence of hybridization.
  - Characteristic of hybrid orbitals.
  - Use of VSEPR theory in explaining the shape of molecules.
  - Characteristic of borides,carbonyls,carbides,nitrides.
  - Metal ligand equilibrium.

#### 9. Details of Course:

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lecturer
1	<b>(a)Stereochemistry and Bonding in Main Group Compounds</b> Origin of VSEPR theory and its significance in main group structural chemistry, structure of SF <sub>4</sub> ,TeF <sub>5</sub> <sup>-</sup> ,BrF <sub>3</sub> , ICl <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup> ,ICl <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup> , OF <sub>2</sub> , OSF <sub>4</sub> , XeF <sub>6</sub> and IF <sub>7</sub> ,dπ-pπ bonds, Bent rule and energetics of hybridization, some simple reactions of covalently bonded molecules. <b>(b) Compounds of Boron, Carbon and Nitrogen with Metals</b> :Metal borides, carbides and nitrides: preparation, properties, structures and application.	12 Lectures
2	<b>Metal-Ligand Equilibria in Solution:</b> Concept of thermodynamic and kinetic stabilities of metal complexes. Stepwise and overall formation constants and their correlations, trends in stepwise constants, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand, chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin, determination of binary formation constants by pH-metry and spectrophotometry	9 Lectures
3	<b>Metal π-Acid Complexes:</b> Metal carbonyls: structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding and structural elucidations, important reactions of metal carbonyls;	9 Lectures

	preparation, bonding, structure and important reactions of transition metal nitrosyls, complexes of dinitrogen, dioxygen and tertiary phosphine.	
4	<b>Cluster Compounds:</b> Higher boranes, carboranes, metalloboranes and metallocarboranes. Metal carbonyl and metalhalide clusters. Clusters with metal-metal multiple bonds.	9 Lectures
5	<b>Polyoxometalates:</b> Isopoly and heteropoly acids and salts (or anions) with special reference to vanadium, molybdenum and tungsten. Nomenclature, classification, preparation and structural aspects of poly acids and polyanions.	9 Lectures

### Books Recommended:

- i. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C.A. Murillo and M. Bochmann, Advance Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons , New York.
- ii. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
- iii. Atkins, Overton, Rourke, Weller and Armstrong, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
- iv. J. E. Huheey, E. A Keiter and R. L. Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education.
- v. W. W. Porterfield, Inorganic Chemistry: A Unified Approach, Elsevier.
- vi. G. Wulfsberg, Inorganic Chemistry, Viva Books.
- vii. G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson Education.

### SEMESTER I Paper II

1. **Subject Code :**CHPG102      **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Organic Chemistry-1
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**              **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**

6. **Credits :**

7. **Pre requisite :**

8. **Objective of Course :**

- Molecular symmetry and chirality
- Aromaticity in benzenoid and non- benzenoid compounds.
- Delocalised chemical bonding
- PMO approach
- Configuration, nomenclature, D,L,R,S and E, Z nomenclature.
- Stereochemistry of compounds containing N,S and P chirogenicity,

- Stereoselectivity, stereospecificity, regioselectivity and chemoselectivity, enantiomeric & diastereomeric excess.
- Classification of pericyclic reactions
- The  $S_N^2$ ,  $S_N^1$ , mixed  $S_N^2$  and  $S_N^1$ ,  $S_N^2$  and SET mechanisms.
- The  $S_NAr$ ,  $S_N^1$ benzyne and  $S_N^1$  mechanism.

**9. Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules :</b> Delocalized chemical bonding conjugation, cross conjugation, resonance, hyperconjugation, bonding in fullerenes, tautomerism. Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, alternant and non-alternant hydrocarbons, Hückel's rule, energy level of $\pi$ - molecular orbitals, annulenes, antiaromaticity, $\psi$ -aromaticity, homo-aromaticity, PMO approach. Bond weaker than covalent bond, addition compounds, crown ether complexes and cryptands, inclusion compounds, cyclodextrins, catenanes and rotaxanes.	6 Lectures
2	<b>Stereochemistry:</b> Molecular symmetry and chirality: symmetry operations and symmetry elements, point group classification and symmetry number. Stereoisomerism: Classification, racemic modification, molecules with one, two or more chiral centres. Configuration, nomenclature, D, L, R, S and E, Z nomenclature. Axial and planar chirality and helicity (P & M); stereochemistry and configurations of allenes, spiranes, alkylidene, cycloalkanes, adamantanes, catenanes, biphenyls (atropisomerism), bridged biphenyls, ansa compounds and cyclophanes. Topicity and prostereoisomerism: Topicity of ligands and faces and their nomenclature, stereogenicity, cyclostereoisomerism; configurations, conformations and stability of cyclohexanes, (mono-, di- and tri-substituted), cyclohexenes, cyclohexanones, halocyclohexanones, decalines, decalols, decalones.. Asymmetric induction; Cram's, Prelog's and Horeaus rules. Dynamic stereochemistry (cyclic and acyclic). Qualitative correlation between confirmation and reactivity- Curtin-Hammit principle. Stereochemistry of compounds containing N, S and P. chirogenicity, pseudoasymmetry and stereogenic centre. Stereoselectivity, stereospecificity, regioselectivity and chemoselectivity. Enantiomeric and diastereomeric excess.	12 Lectures
3	<b>Pericyclic Reactions :</b> Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of pericyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann correlation diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions- conrotatory and disrotatory motions, $4n$ , $4n+2$ and allyl system. Cycloadditions- antarafacial and	10 Lectures

	suprafacial additions, $4n$ and $4n+2$ systems, $2+2$ addition of ketenes, 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions and cheletropic reactions. Sigmatropic rearrangements- suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H, Sigmatropic shifts involving carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5 sigmatropic rearrangements. Claisen, Cope and Aza-Cope rearrangements. Fluxional tautomerism, Ene reaction.	
4	<b>Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution:</b> The $S_N^2$ , $S_N^1$ , mixed $S_N^1$ and $S_N^2$ , $S_N^1$ and SET mechanisms. Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic trigonal and a vinylic carbon. Reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium, phase transfer catalysis and ultrasound, ambident nucleophile, regioselectivity. Neighbouring group mechanism, neighbouring group participation by $\pi$ and $\sigma$ bonds, anchimeric assistance. Classical and nonclassical carbocations, phenonium ions, norbornyl system.	6 Lectures
5	<b>Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution:</b> The $S_NAr$ , $S_N^1$ , benzyne and $S_N^1$ mechanism. Reactivity-effect of substrate structure leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The Von-Richter, Sommelet-Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.	6 Lectures
6	<b>Mechanism of Carbocation Rearrangement Reactions:</b> Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement, Wagner-Meerwein rearrangement, Benzilic acid rearrangement, Allylic rearrangement, Hofman reaction, Schmidt reaction, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, Cumene-Hydroperoxide rearrangement, Curtius rearrangements, Lossen rearrangement, Dakin reaction. Application of NMR Spectroscopy in detection of carbocations	8 Lectures

**BOOKS SUGGESTED:**

- i. Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, John Wiley.
- ii. R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Prentice Hall.
- iii. C. K. Ingold, Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Cornell University Press.
- iv. S. M. Mukherji and S. P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan.
- v. D. Nasipuri, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, New Age International
- vi. P. S. Kalsi, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, New Age International.
- vii. S. M. Mukherjee, Pericyclic Reactions, Macmillan, India.
- viii. F. A. Carey and R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Plenum.
- ix. Benjamin, Modern Organic Reactions, HO House.

- x. Ernest L. Eliel and Samuel H. Wilen, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley India
- xi. Ernest L. Eliel, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds. Tata McGraw Hill.

### SEMESTER I Paper III

1. **Subject Code:**CHPG103      **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Physical Chemistry-1
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**              **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :**
8. **Objective of Course :**
  - Nerst theorem, spontaneity
  - Partial molar properties
  - Gibbs-Duhem equation
  - Collision theory of reaction rates,
  - Steric factor,
  - Activated complex theory
  - Ionic reactions
  - Kinetic salt effects.
9. **Details of Course:**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Thermodynamics:</b> Laws of thermodynamics: Fundamental concepts, state and path dependent functions, determination of work done, enthalpy change, and internal energy change in reversible and irreversible expansion and compression, entropy and its calculations, residual entropy, zero, first, second, third law of thermodynamics and their applications. Nerst theorem, spontaneity, free energy and its calculation, properties of Helmholtz free energy and Gibb's free energy, thermodynamic equilibria and free energy functions, Clausius-Claypeyron equation, chemical potential and entropies. Partial molar properties; partial molar free energy, partial molar volume and chemical potential and their significance, Gibbs-Duhem equation, methods of determination of partial molar quantities, Concept of fugacity and its determination, chemical potential and fugacity, thermodynamic functions of mixing. Non-ideal systems; Excess functions for non-ideal solutions,	24 Lectures

	activity, activity coefficient, Debye-Hückel theory for activity coefficient of electrolytic solutions, determination of activity coefficients, ionic strength, application of phase rule to three component systems.	
2	<b>Chemical Dynamics</b> :Third and general order reactions, Experimental methods for kinetic studies, viz; conductometric, potentiometric and spectrophotometric methods, effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation.Chemical molecular dynamics: Collision theory of reaction rates, steric factor, activated complex theory, comparison of collision and activated complex theories, ionic reactions, kinetic salt effects, steady state concept, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reactions. Kinetics of gaseous reactions on solid surface, unimolecular and bimolecular surface reactions, kinetics of condensation and addition polymerization reactions, mechanism of $H_2-Br_2$ , $H_2-Cl_2$ reactions, decomposition of the following compounds : acetaldehyde, ozone and $H_2O_2$ .	24 Lectures

### Books Recommended:

- i. B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and M. S. Pathnia, Physical Chemistry, Milestone Publisher & Distributors, New Delhi.
- ii. K. L. Kapoor, Physical Chemistry. Macmillan Publishers India Limited.
- iii. K. J. Laidler, Kinetics, Pearson Education India.

### SEMESTER I Paper IV

1. Subject Code :CHPG104 Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Group Theory and Instrumentation Chemistry-1
3. Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60
4. Exam Time Theory:3 hours Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage Theory: 80 Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite :
8. Objective of Course:

- Symmetry elements and symmetry operations.
- Conjugacy relation and classes of symmetry operations, point symmetry (or group) and its classification
- X-ray structural analysis of crystal
- Introduction of electron diffraction
- Application of TLC
- Column and HPLC
- Ion exchange chromatography: Cationic .anionic exchangers and their applications.

### 9. Details of Course :

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Symmetry and Group Theory in Chemistry:</b> Symmetry elements and symmetry operations, definitions of group and subgroup and their characteristics, relation between orders of and subgroup and their characteristics, relation between orders of a finite group and its subgroup. Conjugacy relation and classes of symmetry operations, point symmetry (or group) and its classification, Schonfliess symbols, representation of group by matrices (representation for the $C_n$ , $C_{nv}$ , $C_{nh}$ etc. groups to be worked out explicitly), products of symmetry operations. Character of a representation. The great orthogonality theorem (without proof) and its importance. Character tables and their use in spectroscopy.	16 Lectures
2	<b>X-ray Diffraction Methods:</b> Bragg condition, Miller indices, Laue's method, Bragg's method, Debye-Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals. Description of the procedure for an X-ray structure analysis, absolute configuration of molecules. Ramchandran diagram. General Introduction of Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity vs scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurement technique, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules.	12 Lectures
3	<b>Chromatographic methods:</b> Principle, instrumentation and applications of gas and liquid chromatography. Principle and application of TLC, paper, column and HPLC. Ion Exchange chromatography: Cationic, anionic exchangers and their applications. Gas Chromatography: Theory of gas chromatography, parts of gas chromatograph, detectors (TCD, FID, ECD), Van-Deemter equation (no derivation), concept about HEPT-plate theory and rate theory. Applications.	15 Lectures
4	<b>Radio Analytical Methods:</b> Basic principles and types of measuring instrument, isotope dilution techniques- principle of operations and uses. Applications.	5 Lectures

### Books Recommended

- i. F.A. Cotton, Chemical Application of Group Theory, Wiley.
- ii. D. C. Harris, Bertolucci, Symmetry and Spectroscopy: An Introduction to Vibrational and Electronic Spectroscopy, Dover Publications, New York.
- iii. P. K. Bhattacharya, Group Theory and its Chemical Applications, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

- iv. Gurdeep Raj, Ajay Bhagi and Vinod Jain, Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd., Meerut.

### SEMESTER I Paper V

1. **Subject Code :CHPG105(a)**                      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Biology for Chemist (For Mathematics Students)-1**
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**                      **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :**Introduction and discovery of cell
8. **Objective of Course:**
  - Cell size and shape
  - Cell membrane and wall
  - Chloroplast
  - Nucleosides
  - Cell respiration and metabolism
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
	<b>Section A</b>	
1	<b>Cell as Unit of Life:</b> The cell theory; prokaryotic and eukaryotic and eukaryotic cells; cell size and shape; Eukaryotic cell components	12 Lectures
2	<b>Cell Organelles:</b> Mitochondria: Structure, marker enzymes, composition; function. Chloroplast: Structure, marker enzymes, composition; semiautonomous nature, chloroplast DNA. ER, Golgi body and Lysosomes : Structures and roles of ER, Golgibody and lysosomes Nucleus: Nuclear Envelope- structure of nuclear pore complex; chromatin; molecular organization, DNA packaging in eukaryotes, euchromatin and heterochromatin, nucleolus and ribosome structure (brief). Nucleoside and Nucleotides and DNA structure	12 Lectures
3	<b>Cell Membrane and Cell Wall:</b> The functions of membranes; Models of membrane structure; faces of the membrane, selective permeability of permeability of the membranes; cell wall	12 Lectures
4	<b>Metabolism:</b> Introduction, basal metabolic rate (BMR), Carbohydrate protein and lipid metabolism, cell respiration, anaerobic respiration, aerobic respiration, formation of acetal COA, citric acid cycle, electron transport system, adenosinetriphosphate, mechanism ATP generation	

**Books Recommended:**

- i. P. H.Raven, Biology, Tata MacGraw Hill.
- ii. P. Sheeler, Cell and Molecular Biology, John Wiley.
- iii. N. A. Campbell, Biology Pearson.
- iv. L.Styer, Biochemistry, Freeman & Co.
- v. Outlines of biochemistry. Fourth edition (Conn, Eric E.; Stumpf, P. K.). Wiley India Pvt. Limited

**SEMESTER I Paper V**

1. **Subject Code :CHPG105(b)**      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Mathematics for Chemist (Only for biology students)-1**
3. **Course Hour**              **Lecture : L 48**              **T:10**              **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**              **Theory:3 hours**              **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**      **Theory: 80**              **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :** Knowledge of fundamental algebra and geometry
8. **Objective of Course :** Student should know
  - About mathematical function
  - Graph and Variables
  - Differential formulas and integration formulas
  - Matrix and determinateness
  - Concept of coordinates

**9. Details of Course:**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
	<b>Section A</b>	
1	<b>Mathematical Functions:</b> Polynomial expression, exponential function, trigonometrically function. inverse trigonometrically function. Logarithms and anti logarithms	08 Lectures
2	<b>Curve Sketching/Graph:</b> Inclination of a line and the slope of a line, General equation of straight line, slope-intercept form, slopepoint form. Two point form, Intercept form, Parallel and perpendicular lines	08 Lectures
3	<b>Differentiation:</b> Differentiation formulas, Concept of maximum and minimum, Rules of finding maxima and minima, Partial differentiation, Euler reciprocal relation, exact and in exact differentials, Chain rule for partial differential	08 Lectures
4	<b>Integration:</b> Methods of integrations, substitution, partial function, by parts, successive, reduction, integration formulas including concept of limit	09 Lectures
5	<b>Fundamentals of Mathematical Relations:</b> Permutations and	15

Combination, Probability, vectors mathematical relations, Vectors, Matrices, Determinants, Complex number, Series, Stirling approximation, Roots of quadratic equation. Methods of solving equation. Coordinate systems in three dimensions (Cartesian, spherical and polar).	Lectures
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**Books Recommended:**

- i. D.A. McQuarrie, Mathematics for physical Chemistry University Science Books.
- ii. R.Mortimer, Mathematics for Physical Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. Elsevier.
- iii. E. Steiner, The Chemical Maths Books, Oxford University Press.

**CHPG 10P Laboratory Course 08 hrs**

**A: Inorganic Chemistry**

**(I) Qualitative Analysis 18**

Qualitative analysis of mixtures of salts containing not more than eight radicals including:

- (i) Rare-earth element salts (two rare element ions)
- (ii) Interfering radicals
- (iii) Other anions, which have not been done in under graduate practical.
- (iv) Insolubles and simple salts

**(II) Preparations**

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds such as: 12

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. [Ni(dmg) <sub>2</sub> ]   | 7. Prussian Blue, Turnbull's Blue   |
| 2. [Cu(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> ]SO <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O                   | 8. Co[NH <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>6</sub> [Co(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] |
| 3. Cis-K[Cr(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> ] | 9. Cis-[Co(trien)(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]Cl.H <sub>2</sub> O     |
| 4. Na[Cr(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (SCN) <sub>4</sub> ]                               | 10. Hg [Co(SCN) <sub>4</sub> ]  |
| 5. [Mn(acac) <sub>3</sub> ]  | 11. [Co(py) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ]                                |
| 6. K <sub>3</sub> [Fe(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]                       | 12. [Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ]Cl <sub>2</sub>                   |

**OR**

Quantitative estimation of metal ions by complexometric titration, direct and / or back titration, use of masking agents. 12

**B. Organic Chemistry**

**1. Quantitative Analysis 18**

- i. Determination of the percentage of number of hydroxyl groups in an organic compound by acetylation method.
- ii. Estimation of amines/ phenols using bromate-bromide solution/ or acetylation method.
- iii. Determination of Iodine and Saponification values of an oil sample.
- iv. Determination of DO, COD and BOD of water sample.
- v. Separation & identification of two compounds system.

**2. Spectrophotometric (UV/VIS) Estimations 12**

- |                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| (i) Amino acids     | (v) Ascorbic acid |
| (ii) Proteins       | (vi) Aspirin      |
| (iii) Carbohydrates | (vii) Caffeine    |

(iv) Cholesterol

or

Separation and identification of two compound system.

**Note: Allocation of marks-Inorganic exercise 30; Organic exercise 30; Record (including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

### SEMESTER II Paper I

1. Subject Code : CHPG201 Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Inorganic Chemistry-2
3. Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60
4. Exam Time Theory:3 hours Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage Theory: 80 Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite : Knowledge of molecular orbital's and bonding in metals
8. Objective of Course : Students should know
  - Kinetic application of CFT and VBT
  - Hydrolysis
  - Mechanism of the substitution reaction.
  - Mechanism of electron transfer reaction
  - Marcus-Hush theory
9. Details of Course :

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lecturer
1	<b>Metal- Ligand Bonding</b> :Limitations of crystal field theory, molecular orbital theory, octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes $\pi$ -bonding and molecular orbital theory.	8 Lectures
2	<b>Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes</b> :Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complexes, kinetic application of valence bond and crystal field theories, kinetics of octahedral substitution, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism, direct and indirect evidences in favour of conjugate mechanism, anation reactions, reactions without metal ligand bond cleavage. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, the trans effect, mechanism of the substitution reaction. Redox reactions, electron transfer reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reactions, outer-sphere type reactions. Complimentary and non-complimentary electron transfer reactions, cross reactions and Marcus-Hush theory, inner sphere type reactions.	20 Lectures
3	<b>Electronic Spectra and Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes</b> Spectroscopic ground states correlation, Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal	20 Lectures

	complexes ( $d^1$ - $d^9$ states), calculations of $Dq$ , $B$ and $\beta$ parameters, charge transfer spectra, spectroscopic method of assignment of absolute configuration in optically active metal chelates and their stereochemical information, magnetic properties of complexes of various geometries based on CFT, spin free- spin paired equilibrium in octahedral stereochemistry, anomalous magnetic moments, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.	
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### Books Recommended :

- i. F.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, and Paul L. Gaus, Basic Inorganic Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- ii. J.D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley & Sons.

### SEMESTER II Paper II

1. **Subject Code : CHPG202 Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Organic Chemistry-2**
3. **Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60**
4. **Exam Time Theory:3 hours Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage Theory: 80 Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : The knowledge of aliphatic compounds and valency of carbon**
8. **Objective of Course : Students should know**
  - **Mechanism  $S_E2$ ,  $S_E1$**
  - **Diazonium Coupling.**
  - **Effect of solvents on reactivity**
  - **Types of pre radical reaction**
  - **$E2, E1$  and  $E1cB$  mechanism and their spectra.**
  - **Grignard reagent**
  - **Name reactions.**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution:</b> Biomolecular mechanisms- $S_E2$ and $S_E1$ . The $S_E1$ mechanism, electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bonds shifts. Effect of substrates, leaving group and the solvent polarity on the reactivity	8 Lectures
2	<b>Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution :</b> The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems. Quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles. Diazonium coupling.	8 Lectures
3	<b>Free Radical Reactions:</b> Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic	8 Lectures

	substrate, neighbouring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of solvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, autooxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts. Free radical rearrangements.	
4	<b>Addition to Carbon-Carbon Multiple Bonds:</b> Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring. Hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration..	Lectures
5	<b>Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple Bonds</b> Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acids, esters and nitriles. Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.	Lectures
6	<b>Elimination and Name Reactions:</b> The E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms and their spectrum. Orientation of the double bond. Reactivity-effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium. Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination Vilsmeier reaction, Gattermann-Koch reaction, Sandmeyer reaction, Hunsdiecker reaction, Michael reaction. Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions, Wittig reaction, Heck reaction, Still reaction, Sonogashira, Negishi coupling, Grubbs Catalyst.	10 Lectures

**BOOKS SUGGESTED:**

- i. Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, John Wiley.
- ii. RT Morrison and RN Boyd Organic Chemistry, , Prentice Hall.
- iii. CK Ingold, Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Cornell University Press.
- iv. SM Mukherji and SP Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Macmillan.
- v. D Nasipuri, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, New Age International
- vi. PS Kalsi, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, New Age International.
- vii. SM Mukherjee, Pericyclic Reactions, Macmillan, India.
- viii. FA Carey and RJ Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Plenum.
- ix. Modern Organic Reactions, HO House, Benjamin.
- x. Ernest L. Eliel, Samuel H Wilen, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley India
- [xi. Ernest L Eliel, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds. Tata McGraw Hill.](#)

### SEMESTER II Paper III

1. **Subject Code : CHPG203**                      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Physical Chemistry-2**
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**                      **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :**The knowledge of electrolytes, surfaces and ionization. Concept of atomic structure.
8. **Objective of Course : Students should know**
  - **Adsorption**
  - **BET equation**
  - **Debye-Huckel-Onsagar theory**
  - **Operators**
  - **Schrodinger's equation and its application.**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Surface and Polymer Chemistry:</b> Gibb's adsorption isotherm, Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherms, determination of free energy of adsorption, BET theory for multilayer adsorption with derivation, determination of surface area using BET method, catalytic activity at surfaces, macromolecules, polymers and their general applications, classification of polymers, chain configuration of polymers, liquid crystals and their applications. Molecular mass, number and mass average molecular mass, molecular mass determination using osmometry, viscometry, diffusion and light scattering methods.	16 Lectures
2	<b>Electrochemistry :</b> Determination of activity coefficient, Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes with derivation, ionic atmosphere and thickness of ionic atmosphere, Debye-Huckel-Onsagar theory, theory of conduction, Onsagar equation including mathematical deduction, overvoltage and decomposition potential.	16 Lectures
3	<b>Quantum Chemistry:</b> de-Broglie concept and de-Broglie equation, physical interpretation and properties of wave functions, Linear, Laplacian, Linear-momentum and Hamiltonian operators, postulates of quantum mechanics, eigen values, eigen functions, normalization and orthogonalizaion, derivation of the Schrodinger's wave equation, concept of cartesian and spherical coordinates, general and brief discussion on the applications of Schrodinger's wave equation to some model systems <i>viz.</i> particles in a box, harmonic oscillator, rigid rotator and hydrogen atom.	16 Lectures

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### Books Recommended :

- i. Puri Sharma and Pathniya, Physical Chemistry, vishal Publication 2011.
- ii. K.L. Kapoor, Physical Chemistry, Macmillan
- iii. Kinetics by Laidler, Pearson

### SEMESTER II Paper IV

1. **Subject Code : CHPG204 Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Spectroscopic Techniques-2**
3. **Course Hour            Lecture : L 48            T:10            P:60**
4. **Exam Time            Theory:3 hours            Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage    Theory: 80            Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : The knowledge of interaction of radiation with matter.**
8. **Objective of Course : Students should know**
  - **Mode of vibrations and group frequencies in IR**
  - **PQR branches**
  - **Solvent effect on IR spectra**
  - **Mossbaures spectra**
  - **UV visible and Raman Spectra**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy:</b> Basic Principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, factors affecting the 'g' value. Hyperfine coupling isotopic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, spin Hamiltonian, spin densities, measurement techniques, spin polarization for atoms and transition metal ions, spin-orbit coupling and significance of g-tensors, application to inorganic and organic free radicals and to transition metal complexes (having an unpaired electron) including biological systems.	16 Lectures
2	<b>Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy:</b> Nuclear Spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shift and its measurements, factors influencing the chemical shift. Deshielding, spin-spin interaction, factors influencing coupling constant (J). Classification (ABX, AMX, ABC, A <sub>2</sub> B <sub>2</sub> etc.), spin decoupling, basic idea about instruments, NMR studies of nuclei other than proton; <sup>13</sup> C, <sup>19</sup> F and <sup>31</sup> P. Advantages of FT NMR. Use of NMR in medical diagnostics. Simple problems and interpretation. NOE, simplification of complex spectra by the use of Shift reagent and field strength.	16 Lectures

	Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE). <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectroscopy: general considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne and aromatic hetero aromatic and carbonyl carbon). Coupling constants.	
3	<b>Mass Spectrometry:</b> Introduction, ion production-EI, CI, FD and FAB, factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular ion peak, metastable peak, McLafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule, example of Mass fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination. Problems based on spectroscopic techniques.	16 Lectures

**BOOKS SUGGESTED:**

- i. Pavia, Lampman, Kriz, Spectroscopy, Books/Cole; Vyvyan
- ii. PS Kalsi Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, New Age International Publishers;
- iii. Silverstein, Robert M.; Webster, Francis X.; Kiemle, Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, John Wiley;
- iv. ML Martin, JJDelpach and GJ Martin, Heyden, Practical NMR Spectroscopy,
- v. Colin N. Banwell and Elaine M. Mc Cash, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Tata McGraw Hill.
- vi. RJ Abraham, J Fischer and P Loftus, Introduction to NMR Spectroscopy, Wiley.
- vii. DH Williams, I Fleming, Spectroscopic Method in Organic Chemistry: Tata MacGraw Hill.
- viii. Willard Merritt, Dean, Settle, Instrumental Method of Analysis: Seventh Edition, CBS, Publication.

**Laboratory course : CHPG20P**

**08 hrs**

**A. Physical Chemistry**

**30**

- (i) Determination of the velocity constant of acid catalyzed hydrolysis of an ester.
- (ii) Determination of activation energy of a reaction.
- (iii) Determination of Frequency factor of a reaction by kinetic studies.
- (iv) Validity of Arrhenius equation.
- (v) Determination of the effect of change in temperature on rate constant of a reaction.
- (vi) Determination of the effect of change in concentration of the reactants on rate constant of a reaction.
- (vii) Determination of the effect of change in concentration of the catalyst on rate constant of a reaction.
- (viii) Determination of the effect of change in ionic strength on the rate constant of a reaction.
- (ix) Determination of the rate constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide.
- (x) Flowing Clock reactions (Ref. Experiments in Physical Chemistry by Showmaker).
- (xi) Study of the adsorption of an acid by charcoal.
- (xii) Validity of Freundlich's Adsorption isotherm.
- (xiii) Determination of Partition Coefficients.
- (xiv) Determination of molecular surface energy of a liquid by Stalagmometer method.

(xv) Determination of association factor of the given liquid by drop-pipette method.

**Note: The candidates shall have to do a minimum of 05 experiments.**

**B. Organic Chemistry** **30**

**1. Multi-step Synthesis of Organic Compounds** **18**

The exercises should illustrate the use of organic reagent and may involve purification of the products by chromatographic techniques.

(i) Photochemical reaction:

Benzophenone Benzpinnacol Benzpinacolone  $\rightarrow$

(ii) Beckmann rearrangement: Benzanilide from benzene

Benzene Benzophenone Benzophenoneoxime Benzanilide  $\rightarrow$

(iii) Benzilic acid rearrangement: Benzilic acid from benzoin

Benzoin Benzil Benzilic acid  $\rightarrow$

(iv) Synthesis of heterocyclic compounds

Skraup synthesis: Preparation of quinoline from aniline.

Fischer indolsynthesis: Preparation of 2-phenyl indole from phenylhydrazine.

(v) Enzymatic synthesis

Enzymatic reduction: Reduction of ethyl acetoacetate using Baker's yeast to yield enantiomeric excess of S(+)-ethyl-3-hydroxybutanoate and determine its optical purity.

Biosynthesis of ethanol from sucrose

(vi) Synthesis using microwaves

(vii) Alkylation of diethyl malonate with benzyl chloride.

(viii) Synthesis using phase transfer catalyst

(ix) Alkylation of diethyl malonate or ethylacetoacetate with an alkyl halide.

**(x) Paper Chromatography/Thin Layer Chromatography** **12**

Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose etc. By Paper chromatography, thin layer chromatography and determination of  $R_f$  values.

**Note: Organic exercise 30; Physical 30; Record(including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

### SEMESTER III Paper I

1. Subject Code :CHPG301 Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Solid State Chemistry-3
3. Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60
4. Exam Time Theory:3 hours Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage Theory: 80 Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite :The knowledge of solids
8. Objective of Course :
  - Structure of solid-band theory
  - Types of conductor
  - Crystal defects
  - Electrically conducting solids
  - Super conductors and fullerenes



S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Mössbauer Spectroscopy:</b> Basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display. Application of the technique to the studies of (i) bonding and structure of $\text{Fe}^{++}$ and $\text{Fe}^{+++}$ compounds (ii) $\text{Sn}^{+2}$ and $\text{Sn}^{+4}$ compounds-nature of M-L bond, coordination number, structure and (iii) detection of oxidation state and inequivalent MB atoms.	9 Lectures
2	<b>Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy:</b> Various electronic transitions (185 to 800 nm), Lambert-Beer's Law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes. Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds.	9 Lectures
3	<b>Molecular Dysymetry and Chiroptical Properties:</b> Linear and circularly polarized lights, circular birefringence and circular dichroism, ORD and CD curves, Cotton effects. The axial helo ketone rule, Octent diagrams, Helicity and Lowe's Rule. Application of ORD and CD to structural and stereochemical problems	7 Lectures
4	<b>Infrared Spectroscopy:</b> Instrumentation and simple handling. Selection rules, normal modes of vibration, group frequencies, overtones, hot bands, factors affecting the bond positions and intensities, Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines and carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding, solvent effect on IR of gaseous, solids and polymeric materials. Review of linear harmonic oscillator, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, zero point energy, force constant and bond. Strength' anharmonicity, Morse potential energy diagram, vibration-rotation spectroscopy, P,Q,R branches. Breakdown of Oppenheimer approximation; vibrations of polyatomic molecules. far IR region, metal-ligand vibrations, normal co-ordinate analysis. Simple applications.	15 Lectures
5	<b>Raman Spectroscopy:</b> Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect. Pure rotational, vibrational and vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, selection rules, mutual principles. Resonance Raman spectroscopy, Coherent anti-stokes Raman Spectroscopy (CARS), Simple applications.	8 Lectures

**BOOKS SUGGESTED-**

- i. Pavia, Lampman, Kriz and Vyvyan Spectroscopy, Books/Cole
- ii. P. S. Kalsi, Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, New Age International Publishers.
- iii. Robert M. Silverstein, Francis X. Webster, and D. J. Kiemle Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, John Wiley
- iv. M. L. Martin, J. J. Delpeach G. J. Martin and Heyden, Practical NMR Spectroscopy.
- v. Colin N. Banwell and Elaine M. McCash, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Tata McGraw Hill.
- vi. R. J. Abraham, J. Fischer and P. Loftus, Introduction to NMR Spectroscopy, Wiley.
- vii. D. H. Williams and I. Fleming, Spectroscopic Method in Organic Chemistry, Tata MacGraw Hill.
- viii. H. H. Willard, Jr. L. L. Merritt, J. A. Dean and Jr F. A. Settle. CBS Publication. Instrumental Method of Analysis: Seventh Edition,

### SEMESTER III Paper III

1. **Subject Code :** CHPG303                      **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Chemistry of Biological System-3
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**                      **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :** Knowledge of Biological cells and molecules
8. **Objective of Course :** Students should know about
  - Essential trace metal in biological system
  - Transport and storage of dioxication
  - Enzyme chemistry
  - Bio energetics
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Bioinorganic Chemistry:</b> Structure and function of Cell Membrane. Essential and trace metals, role of metal ions in biological processes. Ion Transport through cell membrane. Na <sup>+</sup> /k <sup>+</sup> Pump. nitrogen fixation, metal complexes in transmission of energy, Haeme proteins and oxygen uptake, function of metalloproteins	16 Lectures
2	<b>Bioorganic Chemistry:</b> Introduction and historical perspective, Nomenclature and classification, extraction, purification and uses of enzymes in food drink industry and clinical therapy. Chemical	16 Lectures

	and biological catalysis, remarkable properties of enzymes like catalytic power, specificity and regulation. Proximity effects and molecular adaption. Enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten and Lineweaver-Burk plots, reversible and irreversible inhibition. Transition state theory, Fisher's lock and key and Koshland's induced fit hypothesis, concept and identification of active site by site-directed mutagenesis. Acid-base catalysis, covalent catalysis, strain or distortion. Example of some typical enzyme mechanisms for chymotrypsin, ribonuclease, lysozyme, carboxypeptidase A and Nitrogenase. Coenzyme chemistry: Cofactors as derived from vitamins, coenzymes, prosthetic groups, apoenzymes. Structure and biological functions of coenzymes A, thiamine pyrophosphate, NAD <sup>+</sup> , NADP <sup>+</sup> , FMN, FAD, lipoic acid and vitamin B <sub>12</sub> . Enzyme catalysed metabolic reactions	
3	<b>Biophysical Chemistry:</b> Forces involved in biopolymer interactions. Electrostatic charge and molecular expansion, hydrophobic forces, osmotic pressure, membrane equilibrium. Bioenergetics: Standard free energy change in biological reactions. Hydrolysis of ATP, synthesis of ATP from ADP. Coupling of ATP cleavage to endergonic processes Size, shape and molecular mass of biopolymer. Determination of molecular mass of biopolymers by various experimental techniques.	16 Lectures

#### BOOKS SUGGESTED

- i. P.S. Kalsi, Bioorganic, Bioinorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry, New Age International.
- ii. L. Stryer, Biochemistry 4th Ed., W. H. Freeman & Co.
- iii. S. Zubay, Biochemistry Addison-Wesley.
- iv. S.J. Lippard and J.M. Berg, Principles of Bioorganic Chemistry, University Science Books.
- v. I. Bertoni, H.B. Gray, S.J. Lippard and J.S. Valentine, Bioinorganic Chemistry, University Science Books.
- vi. Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action, Springer-Verlag.
- vii. Trevor Palmer, Understanding Enzymes, Prentice Hall.
- viii. Collins J Sucking, Enzyme Chemistry: Impact and Application, Ed. Chapman and Hall.
- ix. M.I. Page and A. Williams, Enzyme Mechanisms Ed., Royal Society of Chemistry.
- x. N.C. Price and L. Stevens, Fundamental of Enzymology, Oxford University Press.
- xi. Michael D. Trevan, Immobilized Enzymes: An Introduction and Application in Biotechnology, John Wiley.
- xii. Alan Fersht. Enzyme Reaction and Mechanism, W H Freeman & Co (Sd).

- xiii. A.L. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Worth Publishers.
- xiv. J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko and L. Stryer, Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman.
- xv. H. Robert Horton, Laurence A. Moran, Raymond S. Ochs, J. David Rawan and K. Gray Scrimgeour. Principles of Biochemistry, Neil Patterson Publishers/Prentice Hall
- xvi. Donald Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt, Judith G. Voet, Biochemistry, John Wiley.
- xvii. E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf, Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley.
- xviii. L. S. W. H. Freeman, Macromolecules: Structure and Function, Prentice Hall.
- xix. Pramod Pandey, Organic Chemistry, John Wiley.

### SEMESTER III Paper IV

1. **Subject Code :**CHPG304                      **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Inter disciplinary topics in chemistry-3
3. **Course Hour**                      **Lecture : L 48**                      **T:10**                      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**                      **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :** Knowledge of General Chemistry and its usages
8. **Objective of Course :** Student should have knowledge of
  - Chemistry in nano scale
  - Chemistry involve in environment
  - Green chemistry involve
  - QSAR and SAR
  - Basics of computer
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Green Chemistry:</b> Basic principles of green chemistry. Designing green reagents: green catalyst phase transfer catalysis for green synthesis choice of starting materials, organic synthesis in solid phase reagents, versatile ionic liquids as Scherrermethode.	10 Lectures
2	<b>Nanochemistry:</b> History, definition and scope of nanomaterials , chemical methods for synthesis of nanomaterials, methods of charecterization, determination of particle size and surface structure by Scanning Electron microscopy, Transmission Electron microscopy, surface area analysis and Debye-Scherrer method	10 Lectures
3	<b>Data Analysis and Computer:</b> Types of errors, propagation of errors, accuracy and precision, least square analysis, average standard deviation. liner regression, co-variance and correlation coefficient.	10 Lectures

	History of development of computers, Main frames, Mini, Micro and Super Computer systems. General awareness of computer hardware i.e CPU and other peripheral devices Basic structure and functioning of computers with a PC as an illustrative example. Memory, I/Q devices, secondary storage. Computer languages. Operating system with DOS as an example. Introduction to WINDOWS. Data processing, principles of programming. Algorithms and flowcharts.	
4	<b>Environmental Chemistry:</b> Concept and scope, composition of atmosphere, terminology and nomenclature, aerosols, photo chemical smog, BOD and COD.	09 Lectures
5	<b>Medicinal Chemistry:</b> Primary knowledge of structure activity relationship, SAR, quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR), Chemistry of antineoplastic agents and cardiovascular drugs	09 Lectures

### Books Recommended :

- i. Geoffrey A. Ozin, and Andre Arsenette, Neno Chemistry, RSC Publishing.
- ii. A.K. Day, Environmental Chemistry New Age.

### SEMESTER III Paper IV

1. **Subject Code :**CHPG305      **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Photo Chemistry-3
3. **Course Hour**      **Lecture : L 48**      **T:10**      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**      **Theory:3 hours**      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**      **Theory: 80**      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :** Knowledge of photon energy
8. **Objective of Course :** Students should have the knowledge of
  - Photochemical laws
  - Quantum yield and its determination
  - Photochemical additions
  - Paterno-Buchi reactions
  - Norrish type I & II reactions
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Basics of Photochemistry:</b> Absorption, excitation, photochemical laws, electronically excited states-life times,	6 Lectures

	measurements of the times. Flash photolysis, Stopped flow techniques. Energy dissipation by radiative and non-radiative processes, absorption spectra, Franck-Condon principle, Photochemical stages- primary and secondary processes. photo-physical reactions, Jablonskii diagram, photosensitization, quantum yield and its determination, reactions of high and low quantum yields with suitable examples, fluorescence, phosphorescence and chemiluminescence with suitable examples	
2	<b>Photochemistry of Organic Compounds:</b> Photochemistry of alkenes; cis-trans isomerization, non-vertical energy transfer; photochemical additions; reactions of 1,3- and 1,4-dienes; dimerisation.	6 Lectures
3	<b>Photochemistry of Carbonyl Compounds:</b> Norrish type I & II reactions (cyclic and acyclic); $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ketones; $\beta,\gamma$ -unsaturated ketones; cyclohexenones (conjugated); cyclohexadienons (cross-conjugated & conjugated); Paterno-Buchi reactions; photoreductions.	6 Lectures
4	<b>Photochemistry of Aromatic Compounds:</b> Isomerisation, skeletal isomerisations, Dewar and prismanes in isomerisations. Singlet oxygens reactions; Photo Fries rearrangement of ethers and anilides; Barton reaction, Hoffmann-Loeffler-Freytag reaction.	6 Lectures

#### BOOKS SUGGESTED

- i. F.A. Carey, and R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Parts A & B, Plenum: U.S.
- ii. W. M. Horspool, Aspects of Organic Photochemistry, Academic Press.
- iii. T. H. Lowry and K. S. Richardson, Mechanism and Theory in Organic Chemistry Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers, Inc.
- iv. J. March, Advanced Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons.
- v. L. Stryer, Biochemistry, W. H. Freeman & Co.
- vi. P. A. Sykes, Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall.
- vii. James H. Clark and Duncan J. Macquarrie, Handbook of Green Chemistry and Technology, Wiley-Blackwell.
- viii. Paul T. Anastas and Tracy C. Williamson Green Chemistry: Frontiers in Benign Chemical Syntheses and Processes, Oxford University Press.
- ix. Geoffrey Alan Ozin, A. C. Arsenault and L. Cademartiri, Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials, Royal Society of Chemistry.

#### Laboratory Course CHPG 30P

08 hrs

##### A. Physical Chemistry Practicals

30

- (i) Determination of the order of reaction by isolation method
- (ii) Determination of the order of reaction by half life period method
- (iii) Determination of the order of the reaction by Integration method.
- (iv) Determination of the entropy of activation of a reaction.
- (v) Determination of free energy change of a reaction.
- (vi) Determination of the equilibrium constant of a reaction.

- (vii) Determination of pH by electrical conductivity method.
- (viii) Hydrolysis of the salts by electrical conductivity method
- (ix) Hydrolysis of the salts by EMF.
- (x) Determination of the dissociation constant of a weak acid by conductivity method.
- (xi) Determination of the equivalent conductivity of a strong electrolyte conductometrically.
- (xii) Determination of the equivalent conductivity at infinite dilution of weak electrolyte conductometrically.
- (xiii) Validity of Ostwald's dilution law.
- (xiv) Determination of the degree of dissociation/ association conduct metrically.
- (xv) Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts (e.g.,  $\text{PbSO}_4, \text{BaSO}_4$ ) conductometrically.

**Note: The candidates shall have to do a minimum of 05 experiments**

**B. Inorganic Chemistry**

**30**

- 1. Quantitative analysis of binary mixture of metal ions involving volumetric (by complexometric titration using masking and demasking agents) and gravimetric analysis. 20
- 2. Chromatography: separation of cations and anions by paper/TLC/Ion Exchange chromatography 10

**Note: Inorganic exercise 30; Physical 30; Record(including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

**SEMESTER IV Paper I  
(Elective Paper Inorganic chemistry)**

- 1. **Subject Code : CHPG40I(a)**      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
- 2. **Subject Area : General and Organometalic Chemistry-4**
- 3. **Course Hour**      **Lecture : L 48**      **T:10**      **P:60**
- 4. **Exam Time**      **Theory:3 hours**      **Practical : 8 hours**
- 5. **Relative weightage**      **Theory: 80**      **Practical :20**
- 6. **Credits :**
- 7. **Pre requisite : The knowledge of solids**
- 8. **Objective of Course : Students should know**
  - **Reactions of free radicals**
  - **Silicates and Aluminosilicates**
  - **Ligands**
  - **Alikyls aryls and acyls of metals**
  - **Metal carbon multiple bonds**
  - **Homogeneous catalysis and types of reactions**
- 9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures

1	<b>Inorganic Free Radicals:</b> A Comprehensive study of production, stability and reactions of free radicals: $\cdot\text{NH}$ , $\text{NH}_2$ , $\text{N}_2\text{H}_3$ and $\text{PH}$ .	5 Lectures
2	<b>Silicates and Aluminosilicates:</b> Classification, properties, structure and applications of naturally occurring silicates and aluminosilicates: synthesis of pillared clays and zeolites. Characterization and application of clay, pillared clays and zeolites to catalyses.	5 Lectures
3	<b>Organic Derivatives of Metals and Alkyls, Aryls and Acyls of Metals:</b> Metal beta-diketonates and thio-beta-diketonates: general chemistry, structural aspects and applications. Metal Alkoxides: general methods of preparation, reactivity, structure and applications Alkyls, aryls and acyls of transition metals, nature of metal carbon bond, routes of synthesis, stability and decomposition pathways and structure, alkyls, aryls and acyls of s-block and p-block elements. Comparison of such transition and non-transition element derivatives. Organocopper in organic synthesis.	10 Lectures
4	<b>Compounds of Metal-Carbon Multiple Bonds and Metal Compounds with Bonds to Hydrogen:</b> Survey of organometallic compounds according to ligands, synthesis, properties, nature of bonding and structural features of $\pi$ -bonded organo-metallic compounds ( $\pi$ -complexes) with unsaturated organic molecules: alkenes, alkynes, chelating olefinic ligands, allyl, dienes-butadiene, cyclobutadiene, cyclopentadiene, fulvalene, heterocyclic pentadiene and cyclopentadienone, dienyl-cyclopentadienyl, acyclicpentadienyl, cyclohexadienyl and heptadienyl, arene and trienyl complexes. Important reactions relating to nucleophilic and electrophilic attack on ligands, role in organic synthesis. Transition metal compounds with bonds to hydrogen.	10 Lectures
5	<b>Homogeneous Catalysis and types of reactions:</b> Stoichiometric reactions for catalysis, homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation, Zeigler-Natta polymerization of olefins, catalytic reactions involving carbon monoxide such as hydrocarbonylation of olefins (oxo reaction), oxopalladation reactions. Activation of C-H bond. Oxidative-Addition and Migration (Insertion) Reactions, activation of small molecules by coordination	10 Lectures
6	<b>Fluxional Organometallic Compounds</b> Fluxionality and dynamic equilibria in compounds such as $\eta^3$ - allyl and dienyl complexes, their characterization.	8 Lectures

### Books Recommended

- i. J.P. Collman, L.S. Hegsdus, J.P. Norton and R.G. Finke, Principle and Application of Organotransition Metal Chemistry, University Science Books.
- ii. R.H. Crabtree, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, John Wiley.
- iii. A.J. Person, Metallo-organic Chemistry, Wiley.



3	<b>Structure and Properties:</b> Morphology and order in crystalline polymers-configurations of polymer chains: Crystal structures of polymers. Morphology of crystalline polymers, strain-induced morphology, crystallization and melting. Polymer structure and physical properties-crystalline melting point( $T_M$ ); melting points of homogeneous series, effect of chain, flexibility and other steric factors, entropy and heat of fusion. The glass transition temperature( $T_g$ ), relationship between $T_m$ and $T_g$ , effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking. Property requirements and polymer utilization.	8 Lectures
4	<b>Polymer Processing :</b> Plastics, elastomers and fibres. Compounding. Processing techniques: calendering, die casting, rotational casting, film casting, injection moulding, extrusion moulding, thermoforming, foaming, reinforcing and fibre spinning.	8 Lectures
5	<b>Boron Based Polymers, Silicon Based Polymers, Phosphorous Based Polymers and Coordination Polymers:</b> Borazine, substituted borazines, boron nitride. Boron-oxygen-silicon and boron-oxygen-phosphorus polymers. Polyhedralborane anions. Silica, feldspars and ultramarines, silicones, silicone fluids, silicone rubbers, silicone greases, silicone resins and metallosiloxanes. Silicon-nitrogen polymers and silazenes. Metaphosphates, polyphosphates, cross-linked phosphates. Phosphonitrilic halides and related polymers. Phosphorous-sulphur polymers. Factors affecting formation of coordination polymers. Types of coordination polymers. Metal halides. Metal pseudohalides, metal alkoxides, metal carboxylates and metal chelates	8 Lectures
6	<b>Supramolecular Chemistry: Concepts and Language</b> Molecular recognition: molecular receptors for different types of molecules including arisonic substrates, design and synthesis of co-receptormolecules and multiple recognition. Strong, weak and very weak H-bonds, utilization of H-bonds to create supramolecular structures. Use of H-bond in crystal engineering and molecular recognition. Chelate and macrocyclic effects.Cation binding hosts, binding of anions, binding of neutral molecules, binding of organic molecules. Supramolecular reactivity and catalysis. Transport processes and carrier design. Supramolecular devices, supramolecular photochemistry, supramolecular electronic ionic and switching devices. Some examples of self-assembly in supramolecular chemistry.	8 Lectures

**BOOKS SUGGESTED-**

- i. F.W. Bilimever Jr.,Text Book of Polymer Science, Wiley.
- ii. N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sreedhar, Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarker, Willey-Eastern.

- iii. K. Takemoto Y. Inaki and R.M. Otanbrite, Functional Monomers and Polymers.
- iv. H.R. Alcock and F.W. Lambe, Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, Prentice Hall.
- v. J.M.G. Cowie, Physics and Chemistry of Polymers, Blakie Academic and Professional.
- vi. N.H. Ray, Inorganic Polymers, Academic Press, N. York.
- vii. J.M. Lehn, Supramolecular Chemistry, VCH.

**SEMESTER IV Paper III**  
**(Elective Paper Inorganic chemistry)**

1. **Subject Code : CHPG40I(c)**      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Photo Inorganic Chemistry-4**
3. **Course Hour**      **Lecture : L 48**      **T:10**      **P:60**
4. **Exam Time**      **Theory:3 hours**      **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage**      **Theory: 80**      **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : The knowledge of photon, photon energy and excitation by absorption of photon by matter**
8. **Objective of Course : Students should know about**
  - **Photochemical reactions.**
  - **Mechanism of photo chemical reactions.**
  - **Properties of excited states and metal complexes.**
  - **Redox reaction and legend filed photo chemistry**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Basics of Photochemistry:</b> Absorption, excitation, photochemical laws, electronically excited states-life times, measurements of the times. Flash photolysis, stopped flow techniques. Energy dissipation by radiative and non-radiative processes, absorption spectra, Franck-Condon principle, photochemical stages- primary and secondary processes.	8 Lectures
2	<b>Photochemical Reactions:</b> Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, types of excitations, fate of excited molecule, quantum yield, transfer of excitation energy, actinometry. Singlet molecular oxygen reactions. Photochemical formation of smog. Photo-degradation of polymers. Photochemistry of vision.	8Lectures
3	<b>Properties of Excited States and Excited States of Metal Complexes :</b> Structure, dipole moment, acid-base strengths, reactivity. Photochemical kinetics-calculation of rates of radiative processes. Biomolecular deactivation-quenching. Excited states of metal complexes: comparison with organic compounds, electronically excited states of metal complexes. Charge-transfer spectra, charge transfer excitations, methods for obtaining charge-transfer spectra.	8 Lectures

4	<b>Ligand Field Photochemistry:</b> Photosubstitution, photooxidation and photoreduction, lability and selectivity, zero vibrational levels of ground state and excited state, energy content of excited state, zero-zero spectroscopic energy, development of the equations for redox potentials of the excited states.	8 Lectures
5	<b>Redox Reactions by Excited Metal Complexes:</b> Energy transfer under conditions of weak interaction and strong interaction-excipient formation, conditions of the excited states to be useful as redox reactants, excited electron transfer, metal complexes as attractive candidates (2,2'-bipyridine and 1,10-phenanthroline complexes), illustration of reducing and oxidizing character of Ru <sup>2+</sup> bipyridal complex (comparison with [Fe(bipy) <sub>3</sub> ]); role of spin-orbit coupling-life time of these complexes. Application of redox processes of electronically excited states for catalytic purpose, transformation of low energy reactants into high energy products, chemical energy into light.	8 Lectures
6	<b>Metal Complex Sensitizers and Determination of Reaction Mechanism :</b> Metal complex sensitizer, electron relay, metal colloid system, semiconductor supported metal or oxide systems, water photolysis, nitrogen fixation and carbon dioxide reduction. Classification, rate constants and life times of reactive energy states-determination of rate constants of reactions. Effects of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions. Types of photochemical reactions; photo-dissociation, gas-phase photolysis	8 Lectures

#### BOOKS SUGGESTED

- i. A.W. Adamson and P.D. Fleischauer, Concept of Inorganic Photochemistry, Wiley.
- ii. Inorganic Photochemistry, J. Chem. Educ., vol. 60, no. 10, 1983.
- iii. J. Lippard, Progress in Inorganic Chemistry, Vol. 30, ed. SWiley.
- iv. Coordination Chem. Revs., 1981, Vol. 39, 121, 131; 1975, 15, 321; 1990, 97, 313.
- v. V. Balzari and Carassiti, Photochemistry of Coordination Compounds, Academic Press.
- vi. G.J. Ferraudi, Elements of Inorganic Photochemistry, Wiley-Eastern.
- vii. K.K. Rohtagi-Mukherji, Fundamentals of Photochemistry, Wiley-Eastern.
- viii. A. Gilbert and J. Baggott, Essentials of Molecular Photochemistry, Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- ix. N.J. Turro, W.A. Benjamin, Molecular Photochemistry,
- x. A.Cox and T.Camp, Introductory Photochemistry, McGraw-Hill.
- xi. R.P. Kundall and A. Gilbert, Photochemistry, Thomson Nelson.
- xii. J.Coxon and B. Halton, Organic Photochemistry, Cambridge University Press.

#### SEMESTER IV Paper IV

##### (Elective Paper Inorganic chemistry)

1. Subject Code : CHPG40I(d) Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Environmental Chemistry -4
3. Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60

4. **Exam Time**                      **Theory:3 hours**                      **Practical : 8 hours**  
5. **Relative weightage**      **Theory: 80**                      **Practical :20**  
6. **Credits :**  
7. **Pre requisite : Knowledge of eco-system and relevance of chemistry in nature**  
8. **Objective of Course : Student should have knowledge of**
  - **Environmental terminology and nomenclature.**
  - **Chemical reaction of atmosphere and hydrosphere.**
  - **Air and water pollution.**
  - **Chemical toxicology**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Introduction to Environmental Chemistry :</b> Concept and scope of environmental chemistry.Environmental terminology and nomenclatures. Environmental segments. The natural cycles of environment (Hydrological, Oxygen, Nitrogen).	8 Lectures
2	<b>Atmosphere:</b> Regions of the atmosphere, reactions in atmospheric chemistry, Earth's radiation balance, particles, ion and radicals in the atmosphere. Chemistry of ozone layer.	8 Lectures
3	<b>Hydrosphere :</b> Complexation in natural water and waste-water. Micro-organism in aquatic chemical reactions. Eutrophication. Microbiology mediated redox reactions	8 Lectures
4	<b>Lithosphere:</b> Inorganic and organic components in soil, acid-base and ion-exchange reactions in soil, micro and macro nutrients, nitrogen pathways and NPK in soil.	8 Lectures
5	<b>Chemical Toxicology:</b> Toxic chemicals in the environments. Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes. Biochemical effects of arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides and sulphur oxides.	8 Lectures
6	<b>Air Pollution and Water Pollution :</b> Particulates, aerosols, SO <sub>x</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO <sub>x</sub> and hydrocarbon. Photochemical smog, air-quality standards. Water-quality parameters and standards: physical and chemical parameters (colour, odour, taste and turbidity). Dissolved oxygen: BOD, COD. Total organic carbon,nitrogen,sulfur,phosphorus and chlorine. Chemical speciation (Pb, As, Hg).	8 Lectures

**Books Recommended :**

- i. Neno Chemistry, Geoffrey A. Ozin, and Andre Arsentte RSC Publishing.
- ii. Environmental Chemistry A.K. Day, New Age.

**SEMESTER IV Paper V**  
**(Elective Paper Organic chemistry)**

1. **Subject Code : CHPG400(a)**      **Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Organic Synthesis-4**
3. **Course Hour            Lecture : L 48            T:10            P:60**
4. **Exam Time            Theory:3 hours            Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage    Theory: 80            Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : Knowledge of oxidation, redaxation and properties of C-C bonds.**
8. **Objective of Course : Students should have the knowledge of**
  - **Oxidation and reduction process.**
  - **Organo metallic regents and ring synthesis.**
  - **C-C Disconnection one and two group.**
  - **Metallocenes**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<p><b>Organometallic Reagents</b> : Principle, preparations, properties and applications of the following in organic synthesis:  <b>Group I and II metal organic compounds</b>                      Li, Hg and Zn compounds.  <b>Transition metals:</b> Pd, Ni, Fe, Ti, Cu, Rh and Cr compounds;  <b>Other elements ;</b>S, Si and B compounds</p>	5 Lectures
2	<p><b>Oxidation:</b> Introductino. Different oxidative processes.                      Hydrocarbons-alkenes, aromatic rings, saturated C-H groups (activated &amp; unactivated).                      Alcohols, diols, aldehydes, ketones, ketals and carbosylic acids.                      Amines, hydrazines and sulphides.                      Oxidation with ruthenium tetraoxide, iodobenzenediacetate and thallium (III) nitrate.  <b>Reduction:</b> Introduction, Different reductive process.                      Hydrocarbons-alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and aromatic rings.                      Carbonyl compounds-aldehydes, ketones, acids and their derivatives.                      Epoxides                      Nitro, nitroso, azo and oxime groups. Hydrogenolysis.</p>	10 Lectures
3	<p><b>Metallocenes, Nonbenzenoid Aromatics and Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds</b> :General considerations, synthesis and reactions of some representative compounds.</p>	5 Lectures
4	<p><b>Disconnection Approach, One group C-C Disconnections and Two Group C-C Disconnections</b> An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents, disconnection approach, functional group interconversions, the importance of the order of events in organic synthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity, cyclisation reactions and amine synthesis. One group and two group C-C</p>	15 Lectures

	disconnections. Alcohols and carbonyl compounds, regioselectivity, Alkene synthesis, use of acetylenes and aliphatic nitro compounds in organic synthesis. Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds, $\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations. Micheal addition and Robinson annelation	
5	<b>Protecting Group:</b> Principle of protection of alcohol, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups.	5 Lectures
6	<b>Ring Synthesis:</b> Saturated heterocycles, synthesis of 3-,4-,5- and 6-membered rings, aromatic heterocycles in organic synthesis.	8 Lectures

#### BOOKS SUGGESTED

- i. H.O. House, W.A. Benjamin, Modern Synthetic Reaction,
- ii. W. Carruthers, Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis. Cambridges Univ. Press.
- iii. J. March, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reactions Mechanisms and Structure. John Wiley.
- iv. R.O.C. Norman and J.M. Coxon, Principles of Organic synthesis, Blackie Academic & Professional.
- v. F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry Part B, Plenum Press.
- vi. Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ed. S. Coffey, Elsevier.
- vii. S Warren, Designing Organic Synthesis, Wiley.
- viii. J. Fuhrhop and G. Penzillin, Organic Synthesis- Concept, Methods and Starting Materials Verlage VCH.
- ix. W.A. Benjamin, Modern Synthetic Reactions, H.O. House,.

### SEMESTER IV Paper VI (Elective Paper Organic chemistry)

1. **Subject Code :** CHPG400(b) **Course Title:** M.Sc.
2. **Subject Area :** Chemistry of Natural Products and Heterocyclic Compounds-4
3. **Course Hour** **Lecture : L 48** **T:10** **P:60**
4. **Exam Time** **Theory:3 hours** **Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage** **Theory: 80** **Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite :** Knowledge of organic compounds present in natural products
8. **Objective of Course :** Students should have the knowledge of
  - **Classification, nomenclature of Alkaloids, terpenoids and steroids**
  - **Occurrence and general aspects of Pigments/ porphyrins and PGE2**
  - **Heterocyclics three and four membered rings.**
  - **Spectroscopic techniques for elucidation of natural products**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/
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		Lectures
1	<p><b>A. Chemistry of Natural Products</b></p> <p><b>Terpenoids and Carotenoids:</b> Classification, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule. Structure determination, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Menthol, Santonin and <math>\beta</math>-Carotene.</p>	5 Lectures
2	<p><b>Alkaloids and Steroids:</b> Definition, nomenclature and physiological action, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, classification, role of alkaloids in plants. Structure, stereochemistry, synthesis and biosynthesis of Morphine and Reserpine .</p> <p>Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton, Diel's Hydrocarbon and stereochemistry. Isolation, structure determination synthesis and biosynthesis of Cholesterol , Testosterone and Estrone.</p>	10 Lectures
3	<p><b>Plant Pigments / Porphyrins:</b> Occurrence, extraction, classification, chemical characterization and functions of anthocyanins, flavonoids, xanthophylls and porphyrins. Chemistry and structure of cyanins, flavones, flavonol, quercetin. Biosynthesis of flavonoids: Acetate and Shikimic acid pathway. Structure and synthesis of porphyrin skeleton, haemin and chlorophyll.</p>	5 Lectures
4	<p><b>Prostaglandins/ Pyrethroids and Rotenones:</b> Occurrence, nomenclature, classification, biogenesis and physiological effects. Synthesis of PGE<sub>2</sub> and PGE<sub>2<math>\alpha</math></sub>. Synthesis and reactions of Pyrethroids and Rotenones.</p> <p>Note: In structure elucidation, emphasis is to be laid on the use of spectral parameters, wherever possible.</p>	5 Lectures
5	<p><b>Application of Spectoroscopic Techniques in Structure Elucidation of Natural Products:</b> Two dimensional NMR spectroscopy-COSY, HETCOR, NOESY, DEPT, INEPT, APT and INADEQUATE techniques. Simplification of complex spectro-nuclear magnetic double resonance, shift reagents, solvent effects. Fourier transform technique, Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE). Elementary idea of NMR of , P and N. nuclei</p>	5 Lectures
6	<p><b>B. Heterocyclic Chemistry Nomenclature of Heterocycles / Aromatic and Non-aromatic Heterocycles</b></p> <p>Systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widman System) for monocyclic, fused and bridged heterocycles. Tautomerism in aromatic heterocycles. Strain-bond angle, torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles.</p> <p><b>(a) Heterocyclic Synthesis/Small Ring Heterocycles</b></p> <p>Three membered and four-membered heterocycles-synthesis and reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiranes, azetidines , oxetanes and thietanes.</p> <p><b>(b) Benzo-Fused Five-membered Heterocycles</b> Synthesis and reactions including medicinal applications of benzopyrroles,</p>	18 Lectures

benzofurans and benzothiophenes. <b>(c) Six-Membered Heterocycles with Two or More Heteroatoms</b> Synthesis and reactions of pyrylium salts and pyrones and their comparison with pyridinium & thiopyrylium salts. Synthesis and reactions of benzopyrylium salts and coumarins. Synthesis and reactions of diazines, triazines, tetrazines and thiazines.	
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### Books Recommended

- i. I.L. Finar Vol. I & II, ELBS.
- ii. Stereoselective Synthesis: A Practical Approach, M. Norgredi, VCH.
- iii. Rodd's Chemistry of carbon Compounds, Ed. S. Coffey, Elsevir.
- iv. Chemistry, Biological and Pharmacological Properties of Medicinal Plants from the Americas, Ed. Kurt Hostettmann, M.P. Gupta and A. Marton, Harwood Academic Publishers.
- v. Introduction to Flavonoids, B.A. Bhom, Harwood Academic Publishers.
- vi. New Trends in Natural Product Chemistry, Attu-ur-Rahman and M.I. Choudhary, Harwood Academic Publishers.
- vii. Insecticides of Natural Origin, Suk Dev, Harwood Academic Publishers.
- viii. Heterocyclic Chemistry Vol. 1-3, R.R. Gupta, M. Kumar and V. Gupta, Springer Verlag.
- ix. Chemistry of Heterocycles, T. Eicher and S. Hauptmann, Thieme.
- x. Contemporary Heterocyclic Chemistry, G.R. Newkome and W.W. Paudler, Wiley-Inter Science.
- xi. An Introduction to the Heterocyclic Compounds, R.M. Acheson, John Wiley.
- xii. Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry, A.R. Katritzky and C.W. Rees, eds. Pergamon press.
- xiii. Chemistry of Natural Products: A unified Approach, N.R. Krishnaswamy, Universities Press, Hyderabad.

### SEMESTER IV Paper VII (Elective Paper Organic chemistry)

1. Subject Code : CHPG400(c) Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Medicinal Chemistry-4
3. Course Hour Lecture : L 48 T:10 P:60
4. Exam Time Theory:3 hours Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage Theory: 80 Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite : General knowledge of diseases and class of medicine.
8. Objective of Course : Students should have the knowledge of
  - Drug design
  - Introduction to drug absorption
  - Pharmaco Kinetic parameters

- **Different types of drugs**

**9. Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Drug Design</b> : Development of new drugs, procedures followed in drug design, concepts of lead compound and lead modification, concepts of prodrugs and soft drug, structure-activity relationship (SAR), factors affecting bioactivity. Theories of drug activity: general discussion. Quantitative structure activity relationship. History and development of QSAR. Concepts of drug receptors. Elementary treatment of drug receptor interactions. Physico-chemical parameters: Lipophilicity, partition coefficient, electronic ionization constants, steric, Shelton and surface activity parameters and redox potentials. Free-Wilson analysis, Hansch analysis, relationships between Free-Wilson and Hansch analysis. LD-50, ED-50 (Mathematical derivations of equations excluded).	8 Lectures
2	<b>Pharmacokinetics &amp; Pharmacodynamics</b> : Introduction to drug absorption, disposition, elimination using pharmacokinetics, important pharmacokinetic parameters in defining drug disposition and in therapeutics. Mention of uses of pharmacokinetics in drug development process. Introduction, elementary treatment of enzyme stimulation, enzyme inhibition, sulphonamides, membrane active drugs, drug metabolism, xenobiotics, biotransformation, significance of drug metabolism in medicinal chemistry.	8 Lectures
3	<b>Antineoplastic Agents:</b> Introduction, cancer chemotherapy, special problems, role of alkylating agents and antimetabolites in treatment of cancer. Mention of carcinolytic antibiotic and mitotic inhibitors. Synthesis of mechlorethamine, cyclophosphamide, melaphalan, uracil, mustards and 6- mercaptopurine. Recent development in cancer chemotherapy. Hormone and natural products.	8 Lectures
4	<b>Cardiovascular Drugs:</b> Introduction, cardiovascular diseases, drug inhibitors of peripheral sympathetic function, central intervention of cardiovascular output. Direct acting arteriolar dilators. Synthesis of amyl nitrate, sorbitrate ,verapamil, atenolol.	8 Lectures
5	<b>Local Anti-infective Drugs and Antibiotics</b> : Introduction and general mode of action. Syntehsis of sulphonamides, furzolidone, nalidixic acid, ciprofloxacin, norfloxacin, dapsone, amino salicylic acid, isoniazid, ethionamide, ethambutal, fluconazole, econozole, griseofulvin, chloroquin and primaquin. Cell wall biosynthesis, inhibitors, $\beta$ -lactam rings, antibiotics inhibiting protein synthesis. Synthesis of penicillin G, penicillin V, ampicillin, amoxicillin, chloramphenicol, cephalosporin, tetracycline and streptomycin.	8 Lectures

6	<p><b>Psychoactive Drugs-The Chemotherapy of Mind</b> :Introduction, neurotransmitters, CNS depressants, general anaesthetics, mode of action of hypnotics, sedatives, anti-anxiety drugs, benzodiazepines, buspirone, neurochemistry of mental diseases. Antipsychotic drugs –the neuroleptics, antidepressants, butyrophenones, serendipity and drug development, stereochemical aspects of psychotropic drugs. Synthesis of diazepam, oxazepam, chlorazepam, alprazolam, phenytoin, ethosuximide, trimethadione, barbiturates, thiopental sodium, glutethimide.</p>	8 Lectures
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### Books Suggested

- i. Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, A. Gringuage, Wiley-VCH
- ii. Wilson and Gisvold's Text –Book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ed Robert F. Dorge.
- iii. An introduction to Drug Design, S.S. Pandeya and U.R. Diiock, New Age International.
- iv. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery, Vol.- 1 (Chapter 9 an Ch-14), Ed. M.E. Wolf, John Wiley.
- v. Goodman and Gilman's Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, McGraw-Hill.
- vi. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action, R.B. Silverman, Academic Press.
- vii. Strategies for Organic Synthesis and Design, D. Lednicer, John Wiley.

## SEMESTER IV Paper VIII (Elective Paper Physical chemistry)

1. Subject Code : CHPG40P(a)      Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : Physical organic and Quantum Chemistry -4
3. Course Hour      Lecture : L 48      T:10      P:60
4. Exam Time      Theory:3 hours      Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage      Theory: 80      Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite : Fundamental knowledge of characteristics of Atoms and molecules
8. Objective of Course : Students should have the knowledge of
  - Angular momentum and eigen functions.
  - Concept of M O and VB Theory
  - Schrödinger equation to Harmonic oscillator
  - Hucklele molecular orbital
9. Details of Course :

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures

1	<b>Quantum Chemistry:</b> Plank's quantum theory, wave- particle duality, uncertainty principle, operators and commutation relations, degeneracy, applications of Schrodinger's wave equation to harmonic oscillator, rigid rotator and hydrogen atom, angular momentum including spin coupling of angular momentum and spin-orbit coupling. Ordinary angular momentum, generalized angular momentum, eigen functions for angular momentum, eigen values of angular momentum, operator using ladder operators, addition of angular momentum spins, antisymmetry and Pauli 's exclusion principle.	16 Lectures
2	<b>Concepts in Molecular Orbital (MO) and Valence Bond (VB) Theory :</b> Introduction to Hückle Molecular Orbital (MO) method as means to explain modern theoretical methods, advanced techniques in PMO and FMO theory, molecular mechanics, semi empirical methods. Quantitative MO theory – Hückle Molecular Orbital (HMO) methods, qualitative MO theory-ionization potential, electron affinities, MO energy levels, orbital symmetry, orbital interaction diagrams, MO of simple organic systems. Valence Bond (VB) configuration mixing diagrams, relationship between VB configuration mixing and resonance theory, reaction profiles, potential energy diagrams, curve-crossing model nature of activation barrier in chemical reaction.	16 Lectures
3	<b>Kinetic Isotope Effect:</b> Theory of isotope effects, primary and secondary kinetic isotope effects, heavy atom Isotope effects. tunneling effect, solvent effects.	8 Lectures
4	<b>Supramolecular Chemistry:</b> General discussion and its importance.	8 Lectures

### Books Suggested

- i. Molecular Mechanics, Burkert and NL Allinger, ACS Mongograph.
- ii. Organic Chemists' Book of Orbitals, L. Salem and WL Jorgensen, Academic Press
- iii. Mechanism and Theory in Organic Chemistry, TH Lowry and KC Recharadson, Harper and Row
- iv. Introduction to Theoretical Organic Chemistry and Molecular Modeling, W.B. Smith, VCH, Weinheim
- v. Physical Organic Chemistry, N.S Isaacs, ELBS/Longman
- vi. Supramolecular Chemistry, Concepts and Perspectives, J.M. Lehn. VCH
- vii. The Physical Basis of Organic Chemistry, H Maskill, OxfordUniversity Press.
- viii. RS Molecular Mechanics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., PW Atkins, Friedman, OxfordUniversity Press (1997)
- ix. Quantum Chemistry 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Ira N Levine Prentice-Hall Inc.: New Jersey
- x. Quantum Chemistry, J.P. Lowe & Peterson, Academic Press
- xi. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A. K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill
- xii. Coulson's valence, R McWeeny,ELBS
- xiii. Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V.Moroi, Plenum.
- xiv. Modern Quantum Chemistry, NS Ostlund and A Szabo, McGraw Hill
- xv.

- xvi. Methods of Molecular Quantum Mechanics, R McWeeny and BT Sutcliffe, Academic Press.
- xvii. Density Functional Theory of Atoms and Molecules, RG Parr and W Yang, Oxford.
- xviii. Exploring Chemistry with Electron Structure Methods, JB Foresman and E Frish, GoussianInc
- xix. Semi-empirical MO Theory, J Pople and DL Beveridge

**SEMESTER IV Paper IX**  
**(Elective Paper Physical chemistry)**

1. **Subject Code : CHPG40P(b)      Course Title: M.Sc.**
2. **Subject Area : Advanced Chemical Dynamics, Thermodynamics-4**
3. **Course Hour            Lecture : L 48            T:10            P:60**
4. **Exam Time            Theory:3 hours            Practical : 8 hours**
5. **Relative weightage    Theory: 80            Practical :20**
6. **Credits :**
7. **Pre requisite : Knowledge of thermodynamics and kinetic processes**
8. **Objective of Course : Students should have the knowledge of**
  - **Influence of solvent on reactions**
  - **Types of techniques used in fast kinetics**
  - **Theories of reaction rates**
  - **Thermodynamic probability and statistical thermodynamics**
  - **Partial molar quantities.**
9. **Details of Course :**

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>A. Advanced Chemical Dynamics</b> : Theories of reaction rates: Partition functions (translational, vibrational and rotational) for diatomic molecules and application to rate processes, statistical mechanics of chemical equilibrium, theory of absolute reaction rates, thermodynamical formulation of reactions rates, theories of unimolecular reactions: Lindemann's theory, Hinshelwood's treatment, RRK treatment, Slater's theory (no derivation), Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel-Marcus (RRKM) theory (no derivation), general treatment of chain reactions, branching chains, explosive reactions between hydrogen and oxygen, oxidation of hydrocarbons, polymerization reactions (molecular and free radical), oscillatory reactions, kinetic isotope effect.	12 Lectures
2	<b>Kinetics in Solution</b> : Influence of solvent reactions between ions, reactions between ions and molecules, reactions involving dipoles, influence of ionic strength, primary and secondary salt effects, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, absolute rate theory of heterogeneous reactions. Enzyme Catalysis: Michaelis-Menton mechanism , single and double intermediates, general	6 Lectures

	methods for working out the kinetics of complex enzymatic reactions.	
3	<b>Fast Chemical Reactions - :</b> Study of kinetics by stopped flow techniques, relaxation methods, flash photolysis and magnetic resonance methods and temperature jump method.	6 Lectures
4	<b>B. Advanced Thermodynamics</b> <b>Statistical Thermodynamics :</b> Thermodynamic probability and entropy, Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. Partition function: Translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions for diatomic molecules, calculations of thermodynamic parameters and	12 Lectures
5	<b>Chemical equilibrium:</b> Free energy and entropy of mixing, partial molar quantities, Gibbs-Duhem equation, equilibrium constant, temperature-dependence of equilibrium constant, chemical potential and its use in heterogeneous equilibrium, fugacity, its significance and determination, ideal solutions and their properties, Duhem-Margules equation and its applicability. Dilute solutions: Lowering of melting point and elevation of boiling point, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation and its uses, Nernst heat theorem, third law of thermodynamics, entropy determination from the third law of thermodynamics.	12 Lectures

#### Books Suggested

- i. Statistical Mechanics: Principles and Selected Application, TL Hill, Dover Publications Inc.: New York
- ii. Chemical Kinetics, KJ Laidler, McGraw Hill
- iii. Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations, J Rajaraman and J Kuriacose, McMillan
- iv. Computer Simulations of Liquids, MP Allen and DJ Tildesley, Oxford Science Publications: Oxford
- v. Statistical Physics Vol.5, Part 1, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., LD Landau and IMLifshitz, Pergamon Press
- vi. Stochastic Processes in Physics & Chemistry 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., NG vanKampen, Elsevier Science
- vii. Reaction Kinetics, MJ Pilling and PW Seakins, Oxford Press
- viii. Thermodynamics for Chemists, S. Glasstone
- ix. Advanced Thermodynamics, RP Rastogi
- x. Electrochemistry by S. Glasstone
- xi. Electrochemical Methods: Fundamentals and Applications. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Bard, AJ, Faulkner, L.R. John. Wiley & Sons: New York
- xii. Principle of Electrochemistry, J Koryta, J Dvorak, L. Kavan, John Wiley & Sons: NY
- xiii. Modern Electrochemistry, Vol I & II, JOM Bockris and AKN Reddy, Plenum.
- xiv. Modern Electrochemistry, Vol I & II, JOM Bockris and AKN Reddy, Plenum

**SEMESTER IV Paper X**  
**(Elective Paper Physical chemistry)**

1. Subject Code : CHPG40P(c)                      Course Title: M.Sc.
2. Subject Area : **Advanced Photochemistry and Nuclear Chemistry**
3. Course Hour                      Lecture : L 48                      T:10                      P:60
4. Exam Time                      Theory:3 hours                      Practical : 8 hours
5. Relative weightage    Theory: 80                      Practical :20
6. Credits :
7. Pre requisite : **Fundamental knowledge of Photon properties**
8. Objective of Course : Students should have the knowledge of
  - Nuclear reactions.
  - Radioactive transition
  - Types of excitation
  - Transfer of excitation energy
  - Rates of photochemical reactions
9. Details of Course :

S.No.	Contents	Contact Hours/ Lectures
1	<b>Photochemical Reactions:</b> Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, types of excitations, fate of excited molecule, quantum yield, transfer of excitation energy, actinometry.	8 Lectures
2	<b>Miscellaneous Photochemical Reactions:</b> Singlet molecular oxygen reactions, photochemical formation of smog and photodegradation of polymers.	8 Lectures
3	<b>Determination of Reaction Mechanism:</b> Classification, rate constants and life times of reactive energy states, determination of rate constants, effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions.	8 Lectures
4	<b>Molecular Photochemistry:</b> Transitions between states (Chemical, classical and quantum dynamics, vibronic states). Potential energy surfaces; transitions between potential energy surfaces, radiative transitions. A classical model of radiative transitions. The absorption and emission of light-state mixing, spin-orbit coupling and spin forbidden radiative transitions, absorption complexes, fluorescence, phosphorescence and chemiluminiscence.	8 Lectures
5	<b>Advanced Nuclear Chemistry :</b> Radioactive equilibrium , nuclear reaction, Q value cross section, types of reaction. Theory of Nuclear forces. Radioactive decay, alpha, beta, gamma,nuclearreactions;charecteristics and similarities with chemical reactions , threshold and cross section,nuclear reaction due to neutron, proton, deuteron and gamma irradiation,	16 Lectures

	Nuclear fission, fission cross section, chain fission and resonance capture. Fission products and fission yields, mass and charge distribution in fission and spallation reaction, nuclear reactor. Nuclear fission and stellar energy	
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### Books Suggested

- i. Modern Molecular Photochemistry, NJ Turro, University Science Books
- ii. Essentials of Molecular Photochemistry, A Gilbert, J Baggot, Blackwell Scientific
- iii. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K.K. Rohtagi-Mukharji, Wiley- Eastern.
- iv. Molecular Photochemistry, NJ Turro, W.A. Benjamin.
- v. Introductory Photochemistry, A Cox and T. Champ, McGraw-Hill.
- vi. Photochemistry, R.P. Kundall and A. Gilbert, Thomson Nelson.
- vii. Organic Photochemistry, J. Coxon and B. Halton, Cambridge University Press.
- viii. Modern molecular photochemistry, NJ Turro, University Science Books.
- ix. Nuclear chemistry by Arnikaar
- x. Advanced Physical Chemistry, D. N. Bajpai, S. Chand and Co.
- xi. Modern Physical Chemistry, Kundu and Jain, S. Chand and Co.

### Organic Laboratory Course

08 hrs

#### I- Qualitative Analysis

24

Separation, purification and identification of the components of a mixture of three organic compounds (three solids or two liquids and one solid, two solids and one liquid), using TLC for checking the purity of the separated compounds, chemical analysis, IR, PMR and Mass Spectral data (sets of spectra may be provided to Students for characterization of components).

#### II- Extraction of Organic Compounds from Natural Sources (Minimum of any two of the following exercises are compulsory)

18

- I) Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.
- II) Isolation of casein from milk (the students are required to try some typical colour reactions of proteins).
- III) Isolation of lactose from milk (purity of sugar should be checked by TLC, PC and R<sub>f</sub> value reported).
- IV) Isolation of nicotine dipicrate from tobacco.
- V) Isolation of cinchonine from cinchona bark.
- VI) Isolation of piperine from black pepper.
- VII) Isolation of lycopene from tomatoes.
- VIII) Isolation of  $\beta$ -carotene from carrots.
- IX) Isolation of oleic acid from olive oil (involving the preparation complex with urea and separation of linoleic acid).
- X) Isolation of eugenol from cloves.
- XI) Isolation of limonene from citrus fruits.

#### III- Spectroscopy

18

Identification of organic compounds by the analysis of the spectral data (UV, IR, PMR, CMR & MS)

**Note: Record (including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

**Books suggested**

- i. Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques (Third Edition), DLPavia, GMLampman & GS Kriz, Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, New York.
- ii. Operational organic chemistry, A Laboratory Course, Second Edition, JW Lehman. Allyn & Bacon, Inc. Boston.
- iii. Microscale Organic experiments KL Williamson, DC Heath & Co Le. Xington.
- iv. Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New age International, Delhi
- v. Vogel's Text book of quantitative Analysis, (revised), J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS
- vi. Synthesis and Characterization of inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly, Prentice Hall
- vii. Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D. Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall
- viii. Macroascale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson and D.C. Heath.
- ix. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton and Adward Arnold.
- x. Handbook of Organic Analysis, Qualitative and Quantitative, H. Clark and Adward Arnold
- xi. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- xii. Practical Physical Chemistry. A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- xiii. Findley's Practical Physical Chemistry, B.P. Levitt Longman.
- xiv. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

**Physical Chemistry Lab course**

**08 hrs**

1. Study of complex formation by the following methods and determination of stability constant wherever practicable:
  - (a) Cryoscopy
  - (b) Electrical Methods
  - (c) E.M.F.
2. Determination of transport number.
3. Determination of liquid junction potential.
4. Determination of the charge on colloidal particle.
5. Determination of  $\lambda(\text{max})$  of compounds and verification of Beer's law.
6. Validity of Langmuir's adsorption isotherm.
7. Determination of partial molar volume of solute.
8. Determination of the following thermodynamic parameters of a reaction
  - (a) Enthalpy of activation.
  - (b) Entropy of activation.
  - (c) Free energy change.
  - (d) Equilibrium constant.
  - (e) Frequency factor
9. Conductrometric determination of the equivalent conductivity at infinite dilution of a strong electrolyte.
10. Determination of the dissociation constant of a weak acid by conductivity method.
11. Conductrometric determination of the equivalent conductivity at infinite dilution of a weak electrolyte.
12. Validity of Ostwald's dilution law.

13. Determination of the degree of dissociation/ association conductrometrically.
14. Determination of the formula of silver ammonia complex & copper ammonia complex.
15. Kinitetic Study of the primary salt effect
16. Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductrometrically.
17. Determination of pH by EMF.
18. Hydrolysis of the salts by cryoscopic method.
19. Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
20. Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
21. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer/pH meter.
22. Verification of the law of photo-chemical equivalence.

**Note: The candidates shall have to do a minimum of 10 experiments. Record(including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

### **Inorganic Chemistry Lab course**

**08 hrs**

1. Semimicro analysis of inorganic mixture for six radicals. 24
2. Analysis of ores, alloys and inorganic substances by qualitative and quantitative methods. 18

**Or**

Three component metal ion analysis (one volumetric and two gravimetric methods) 18

3. Preparation 18  
Synthesis of selected inorganic compounds/ complexes and their characterization by IR, electronic spectra (UV & Visible), NMR, Mossbauer, ESR and magnetic susceptibility etc. measurements. Selection can be made from the following or any other from the existed literature.
  - (i) cis-and trans- isomers of  $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2] \text{Cl}$ .  
J. Chem. Soc., 1960, 4369.
  - (ii) Metal acetylacetonates:  $[\text{Cr}(\text{acac})_3]$ ; Vanadylacetylacetonate,  $[\text{Cu}(\text{acac})_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}]$  etc.  
Inorganic Synthesis, 1957, **5**, 130; **1**, 183.
  - (iii) Ferrocene  
J. Chem. Edu., 1996, **43**, 73; 1976, 53, 730.
  - (iv) Cr(II) complexes:  $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6] (\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ;  $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4 \text{Cl}_2] \text{Cl} \cdot 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ ;  $[\text{Cr}(\text{en})_3]\text{Cl}_3$   
Inorg. Synth., 1972, 13, 184.
  - (v) Tin(IV) iodine, Tin(IV) choride, Tin(II) iodine.  
Inorg. Synth., 1953,4,119.
  - (vi) Mixed valence dinuclear complexes of manganese (III, IV).
  - (vii) Preparation of tripheny phosphine and its transition metal complexes.
  - (viii) Reaction of Cr(III) with multidentate ligand, a kinetic experiment (visible spectra of Cr-EDTA complex).  
J. Am. Chem Soc., 1953,75,5670.
  - (ix) Other new synthesis reported in literature.
  - (x) Bromination of  $[\text{Cr}(\text{acac})_3]$ .  
J. Chem. Edu., 1986,63,90.

- (xi) Preparation of copper glycine complex- cis- and trans- bisglycinato copper (II).  
J. Chem. Edu., 1982,59,1052.
- (xii) Relative stability of Tin(IV) and Pb(IV), preparation of ammonium hexachlorostannate,  $(\text{NH}_4)[\text{SnCl}_6]$  and ammonium hexachloroplumbate;  $(\text{NH}_4)_2[\text{PbCl}_6]$ .

**Note: Record (including test) 15; attendance 10; viva 15**

**Note :***For conducting Chemistry Practical Examination in Semester I, II and III only One external examiner shall be appointed in each Semester. External examiners shall be appointed from all the three specialization viz Inorganic, Organic and Physical in semester I, II and III as per syllabus.*

#### **PROJECT WORK**

**In the IV Semester the candidate shall have to do a Project. The topic of the project shall be allotted to him/her by the Project Supervisor. The submission of the project shall be mandatory for each candidate and he/she will have to submit the project/dissertation not later than the date of his/her practical examination.**

Prof. N.D. Kandpal  
Convener, BOS Chemistry  
Head, Department of Chemistry  
Kumaun University, Nainital