2. (a) Define homeomorphism. Prove that homeomorphism is an equivalence relation in the family of topological spaces.

## ED-2803

## M.A./M.Sc. (Previous) <br> EXAMINATION, 2021 <br> MATHEMATICS

## Paper Third

(Topology)

## Time : Three hours

Maximum Marks : 100
Note : All questions are compulsory. Solve any two parts of each question. All questions carry equal marks.

## Unit-1

1. (a) State and prove Schroeder-Bernstein theorem.
(b) Let $(X, T)$ be a topological space and $A \subseteq X$. Then $\operatorname{int}(A)$ is the union of all open sets contained in $A$. It is also the largest open subsets of $X$ contained in $A$.
(c) Define relative topology. $\operatorname{Let}(X, T)$ be a topological space and $Y \subseteq X$. Let $V \in T / Y$ such that $V=U \cap Y$ where $U \in T$. Show that $T / Y$ is topology on $Y$ and hence $(Y, T / Y)$ is topological space.
[P.T.O.]
5.(a) A topological space ( $X, T$ ) is Hausdorff if and only if every net in $X$ can converge to atmost one point.
(b) Define filter and ultrafilter. Show that every filter is contained in an ultrafilter.
(c) Define fundamental group of circle. Let $x_{0} x_{1} \in X$. If there is a path in $X$ from $x_{0}$ to $x_{1}$, then the groups $\pi_{1}\left(X_{1} x_{0}\right)$ and $\pi_{1}\left(X_{1} x_{1}\right)$ are isomorphic.
